

# Statistics Canada

Home > National Household Survey (NHS) > Data products, 2011 > NHS Profile > Search results for "nain"

## NHS Profile, Division No. 11, CDR, Newfoundland and Labrador, 2011

NHS data | Census data | Map | Geographic hierarchy | Related data

Select a view:

Characteristic	Division No. 11, CDR Newfoundland and Labrador (Census division)		
	Total	Male	Female
<b>Aboriginal population</b>			
Total population in private households by Aboriginal identity	2,615	1,355	1,265
Aboriginal identity <sup>56</sup>	2,360	1,230	1,130
First Nations (North American Indian) single identity <sup>57</sup>	10	10	0
Métis single identity	20	10	10
Inuk (Inuit) single identity	2,325	1,210	1,120
Multiple Aboriginal identities <sup>58</sup>	0	0	0
Aboriginal identities not included elsewhere <sup>59</sup>	0	0	0
Non-Aboriginal identity	255	125	130
Total population in private households by Registered or Treaty Indian status <sup>57</sup>	2,615	1,355	1,260
Registered or Treaty Indian <sup>60</sup>	0	0	0
Not a Registered or Treaty Indian	2,605	1,350	1,260
Total population in private households by Aboriginal ancestry <sup>61</sup>	2,615	1,355	1,260
Aboriginal ancestry <sup>62</sup>	2,355	1,230	1,125
First Nations (North American Indian) Aboriginal ancestry <sup>57</sup>	40	25	15
Métis ancestry	45	25	20
Inuit ancestry	2,315	1,205	1,110
Non-Aboriginal ancestry only <sup>63</sup>	260	120	140

### Footnotes

<sup>56</sup> 'Aboriginal identity' includes persons who reported being an Aboriginal person, that is, First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who reported Registered or Treaty Indian status, that is registered under the *Indian Act* of Canada, and/or those who reported membership in a First Nation or Indian band. Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the *Constitution Act, 1982*, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada.

<sup>57</sup> Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain Indian reserves and Indian settlements in the National Household Survey (NHS). In 2011, there were a total of 36 Indian reserves and Indian settlements that were 'incompletely enumerated' in the NHS. For these reserves or settlements, NHS enumeration was either not permitted or was interrupted before it could be completed, or was not possible because of natural events (specifically forest fires in Northern Ontario). For additional information, please refer to the Aboriginal Peoples Reference Guide, National Household Survey (NHS), 2011.

<sup>58</sup> 'Multiple Aboriginal identities' includes persons who reported being any two or all three of the following: First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit).

<sup>59</sup> 'Aboriginal identities not included elsewhere' includes persons who did not report being First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuk (Inuit) but who did report Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or membership in a First Nation or Indian band.

- [60](#) Registered or Treaty Indian status refers to whether or not a person reported being a Registered or Treaty Indian. 'Registered or Treaty Indian' includes persons who reported being a Registered or Treaty Indian in Question 20. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the *Indian Act* of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.
- [61](#) This is a total population estimate. The sum of the ancestries in this table is greater than the total population estimate because a person may report more than one ancestry (ethnic origin) in the National Household Survey.
- [62](#) 'Aboriginal ancestry' includes persons who reported one or more than one of First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuit ancestry in Question 17, either with or without also reporting a non-Aboriginal ancestry. The sum of the categories 'First Nations (North American Indian) ancestry', 'Métis ancestry' and 'Inuit ancestry' is thus greater than the sum of the total for 'Aboriginal ancestry' because persons who reported more than one Aboriginal ancestry are included in the response category for each Aboriginal ancestry they reported. All respondents with Aboriginal ancestry are counted in at least one of the categories 'First Nations (North American Indian) ancestry', 'Métis ancestry' and 'Inuit ancestry' and also in the category 'Aboriginal ancestry.' Aboriginal peoples of Canada are defined in the *Constitution Act, 1982*, section 35 (2) as including the Indian, Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada. Ancestry refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the respondent's ancestors, an ancestor being usually more distant than a grandparent. A person can have more than one ethnic or cultural origin.
- [63](#) 'Non-Aboriginal ancestry only' includes persons who did not report First Nations (North American Indian), Métis or Inuit ancestry in Question 17.

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#### Data source

2011 National Household Survey

#### NHS data quality

##### Division No. 11, [CDR](#), Newfoundland and Labrador

- [Global non-response rate](#)  
GNR = 11.5%

#### Download current NHS table

- [CSV](#) (approx. 70 kb)
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